

Using sustainability concepts to reduce risk

Paul Linden

Department of Mechanical & Aerospace Engineering
Environment and Sustainability Initiative
UC San Diego

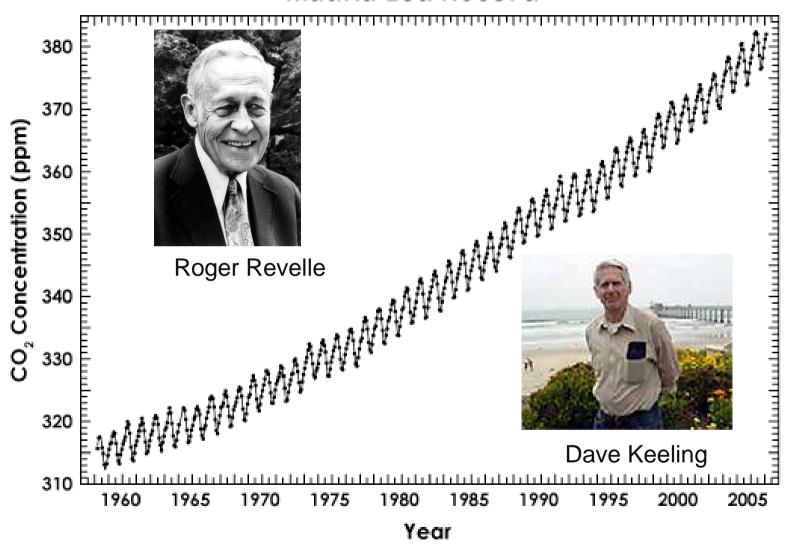
IPCC Working Group 1 Summary for Policymakers (2 Feb. 2007)

 Warming of the climate system is unequivocal, as is now evident from observations of increases in global average air and ocean temperatures, widespread melting of snow and ice, and rising global mean sea level.

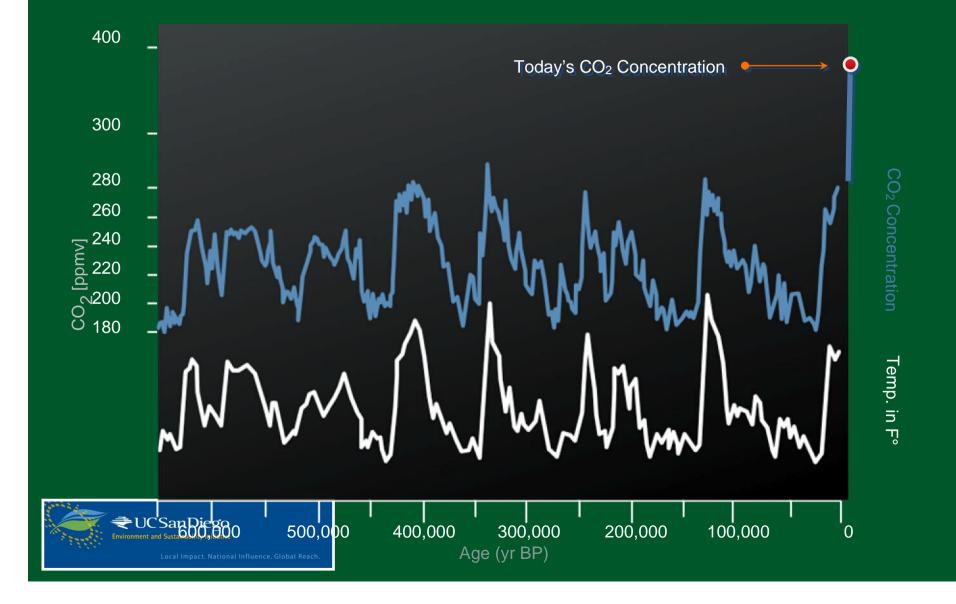


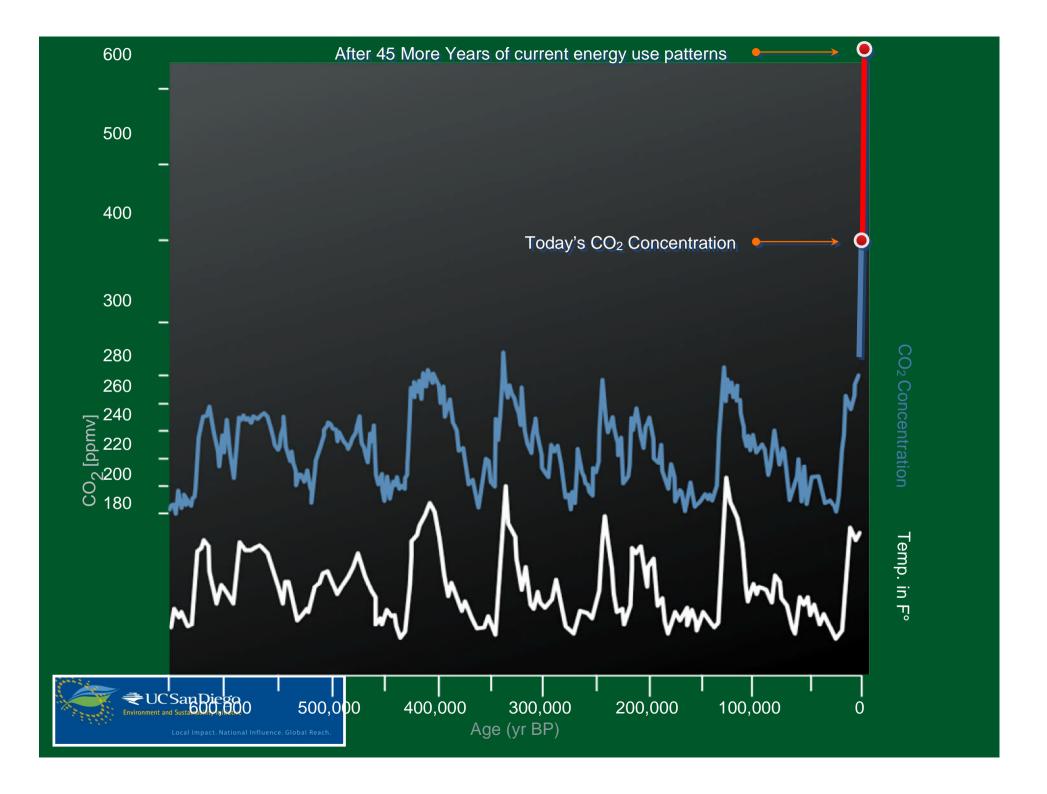


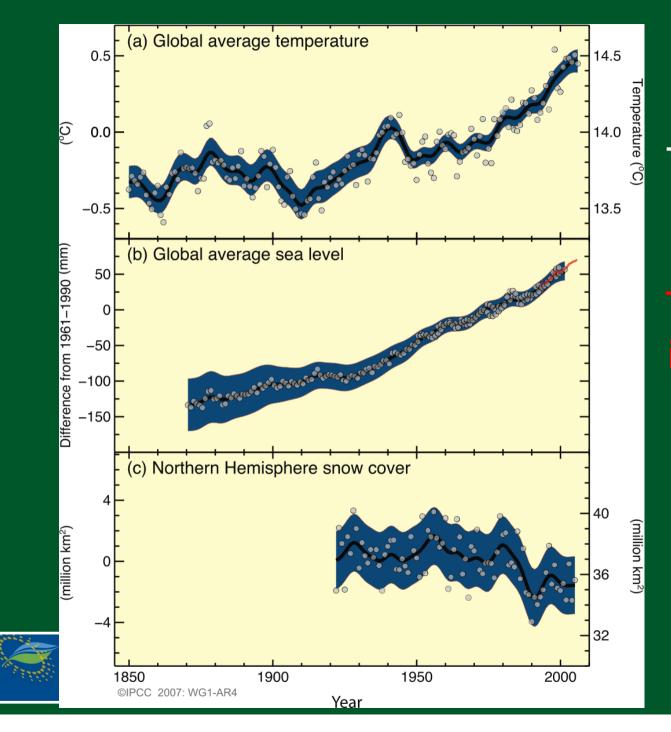
Mauna Loa Record









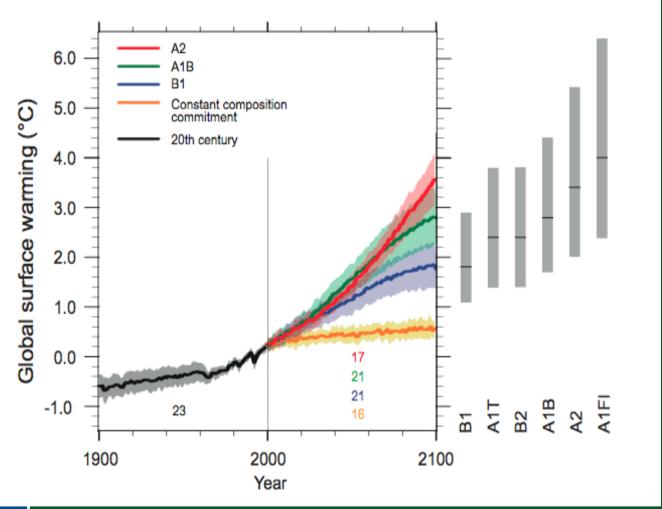


The science is clear.

The climate is changing.

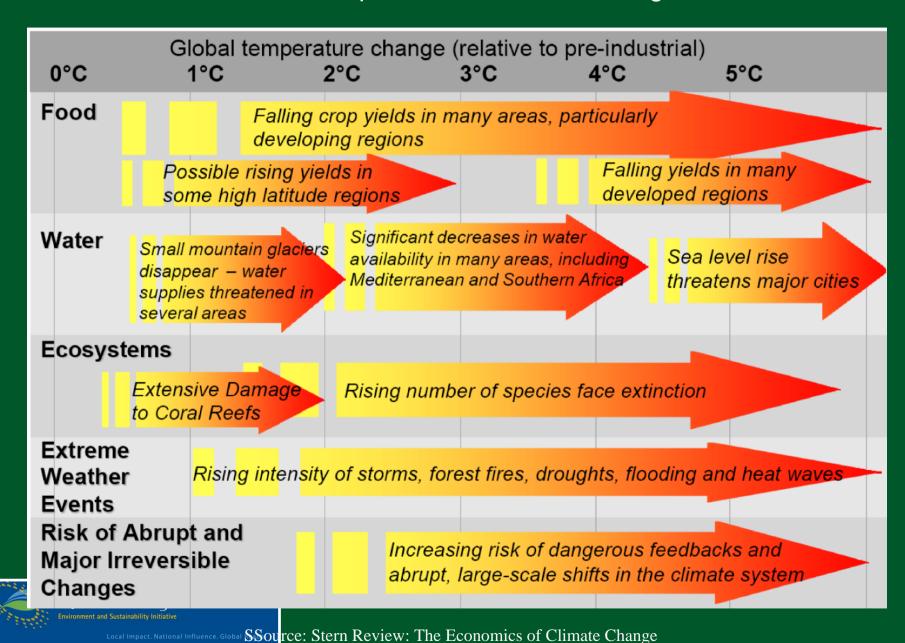
Projections of Future Changes in Climate

Best estimate for low scenario (B1) is 1.8°C (*likely* range is 1.1°C to 2.9°C), and for high scenario (A1FI) is 4.0°C (*likely* range is 2.4°C to 6.4°C).





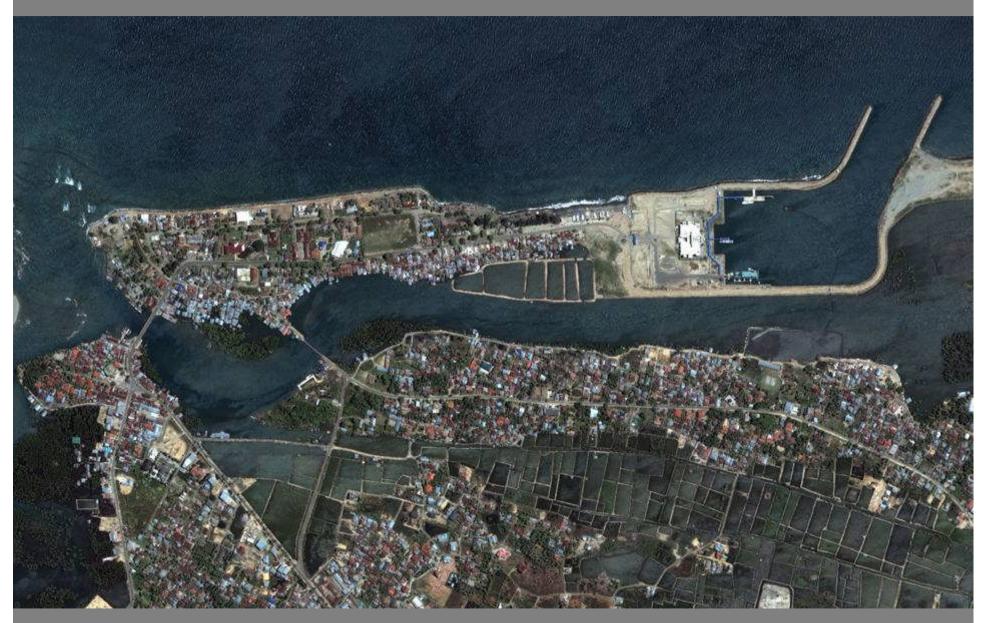
Consequences of Climate Change



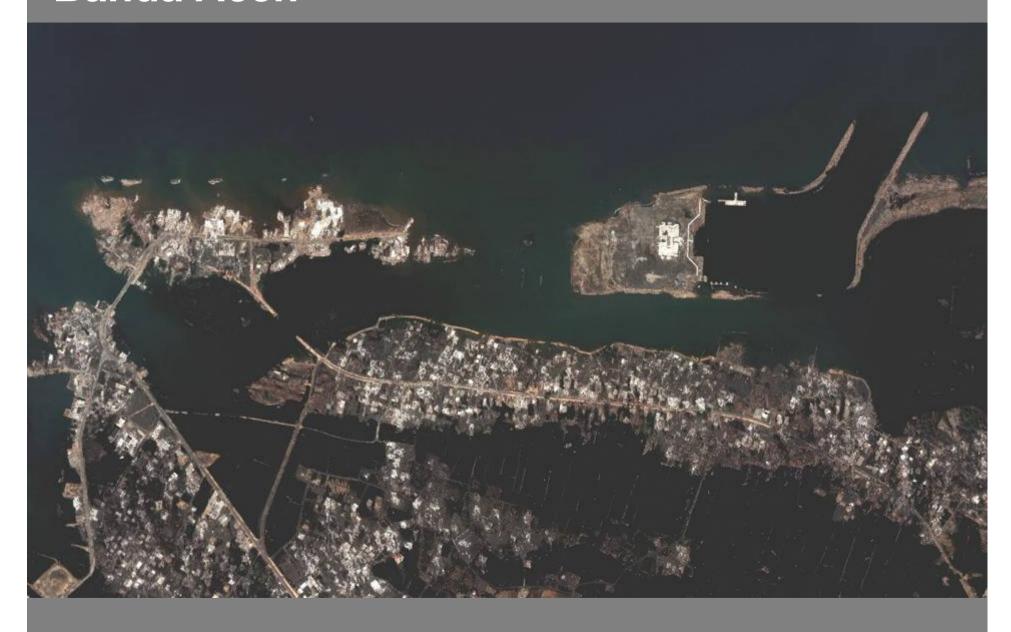




Banda Aceh



Banda Aceh

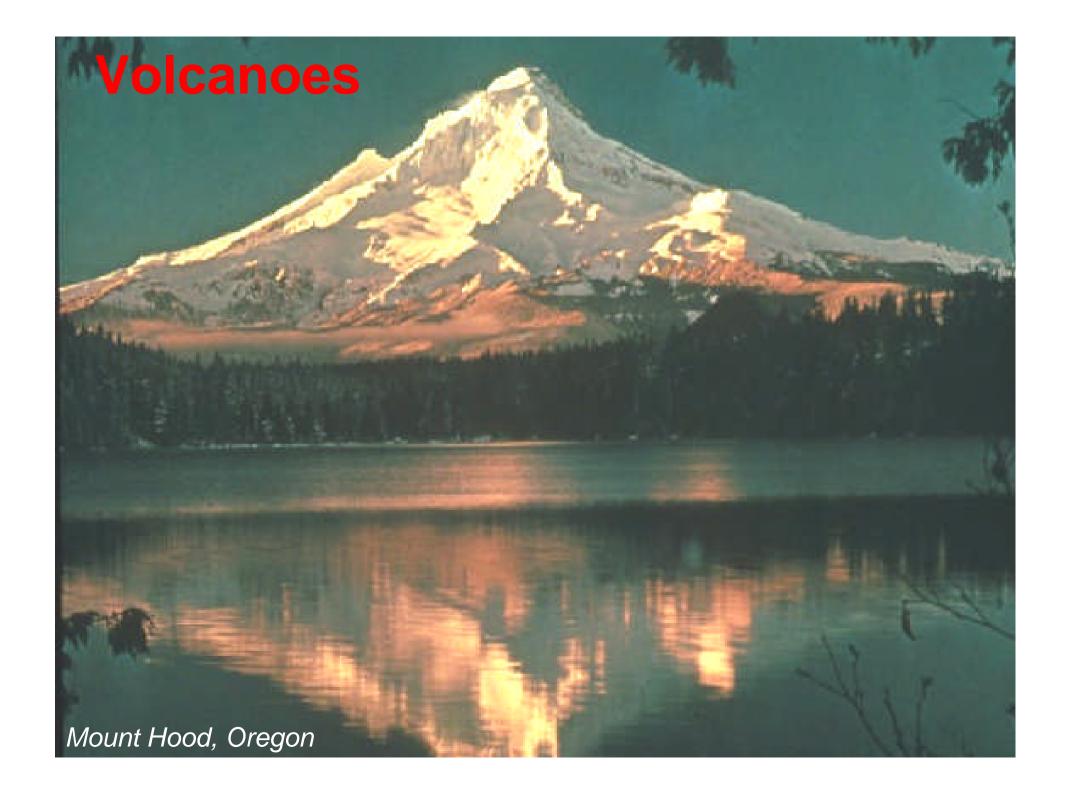


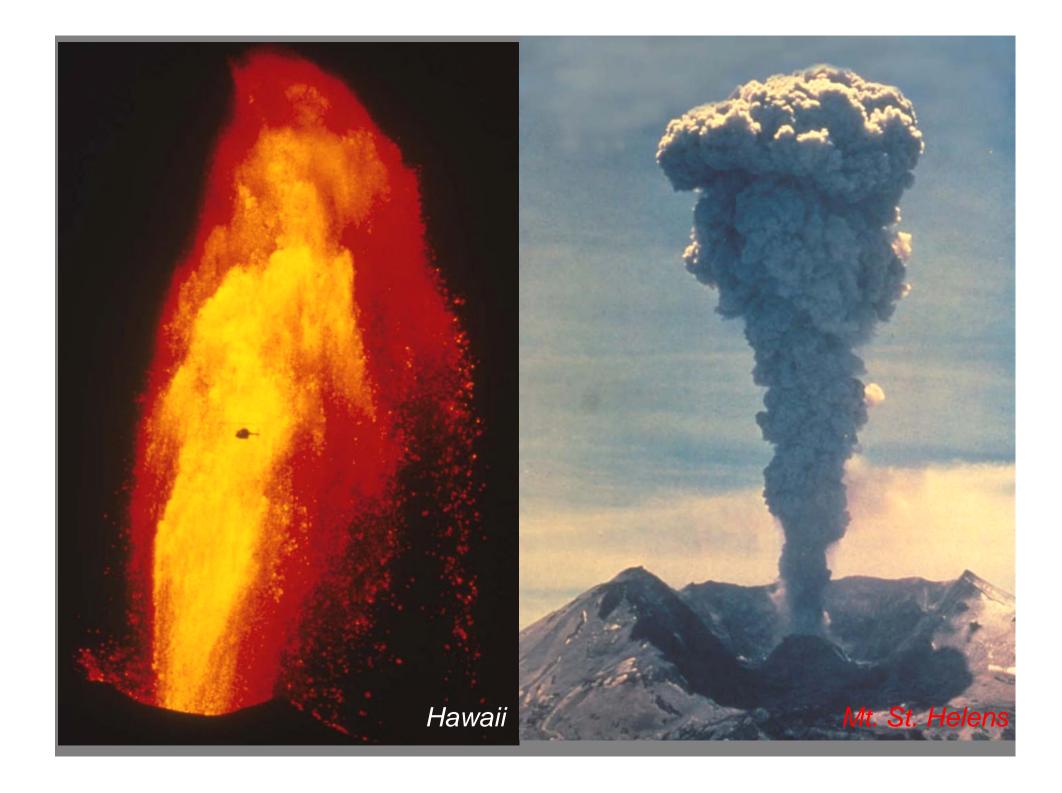




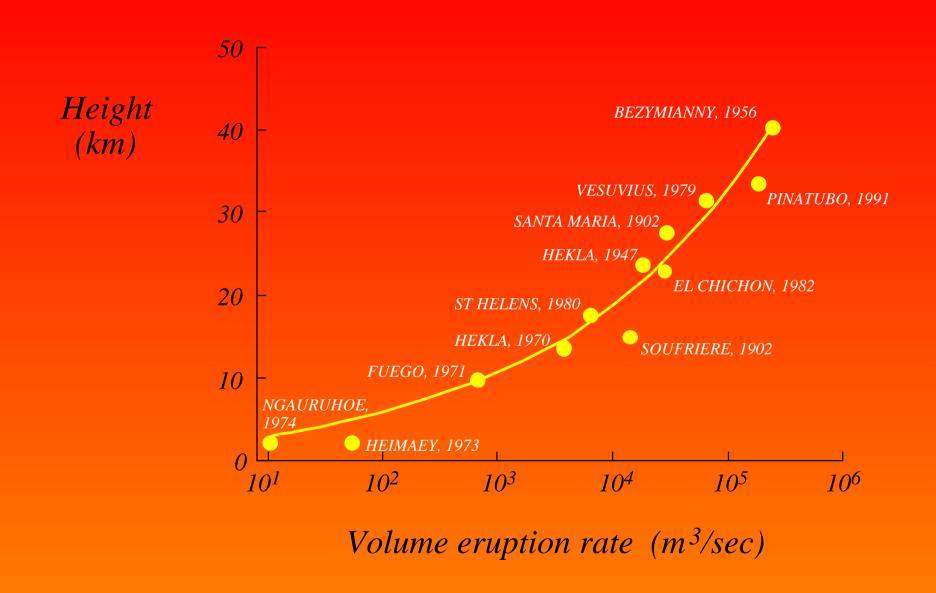
... after a terrible earthquake ... the sea flowed out a long way, and ships were left stranded on dry land. When many people came running out to see this extraordinary wonder, the sea flowed back beyond its accustomed limits, and 50,000 people were drowned.

Alexandria, Egypt 365 AD









Deaths due to Volcanic Eruptions

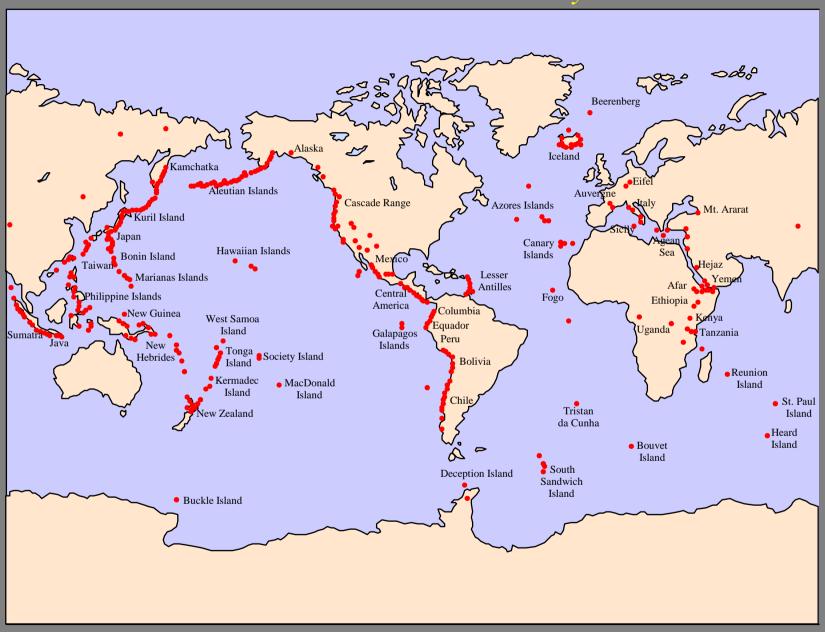
Year	Volcano	Number	Main cause	
1883	Krakatoa (Java)	35 000	Drowning	W
1902	Mont Pelee (West Indies)	29 000	Asphyxiation	
1985	Nevado del Ruiz (Columbia)	22 000	Mud slides	

1900 to present: \$10 000 000 000 property damage

260 000

1600 to present

Worldwide Volcanic Activity



The locations of volcanoes which erupted during the past 12,000 years.

Earthquakes

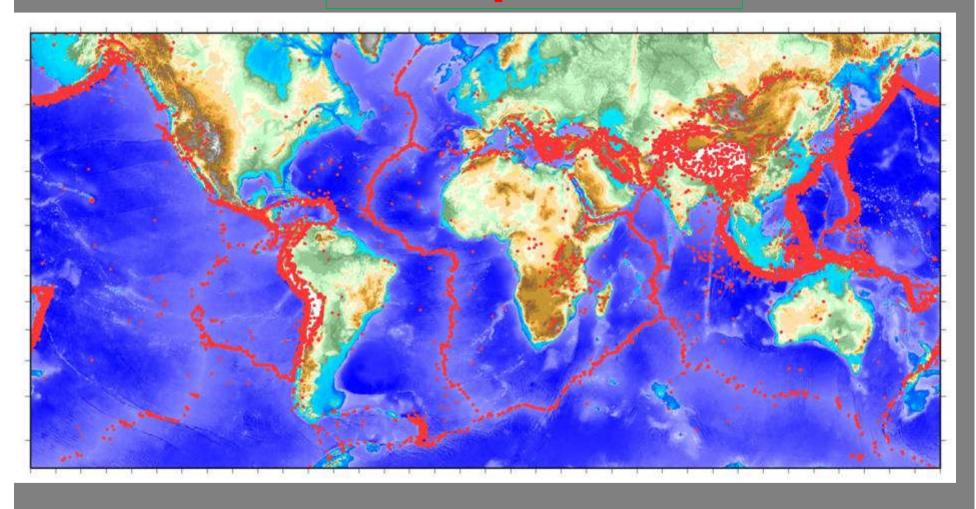
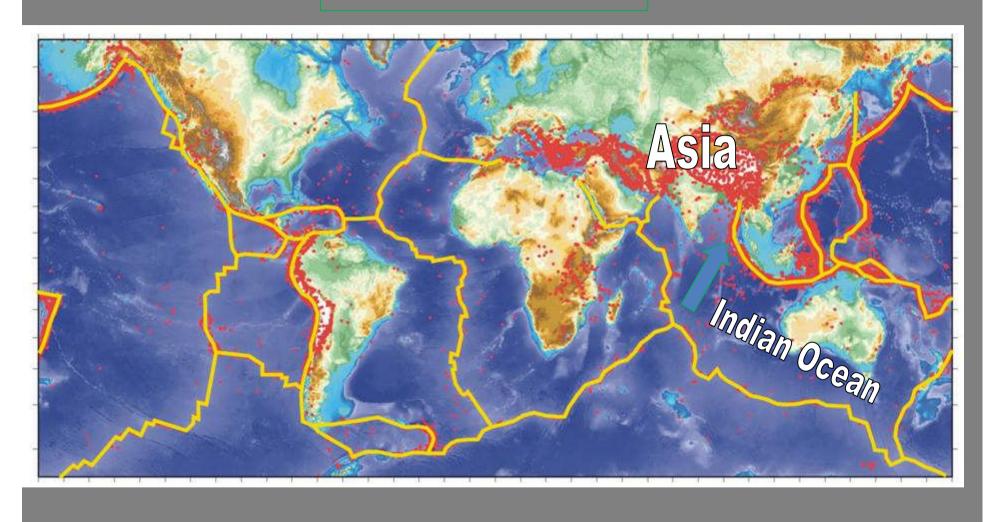
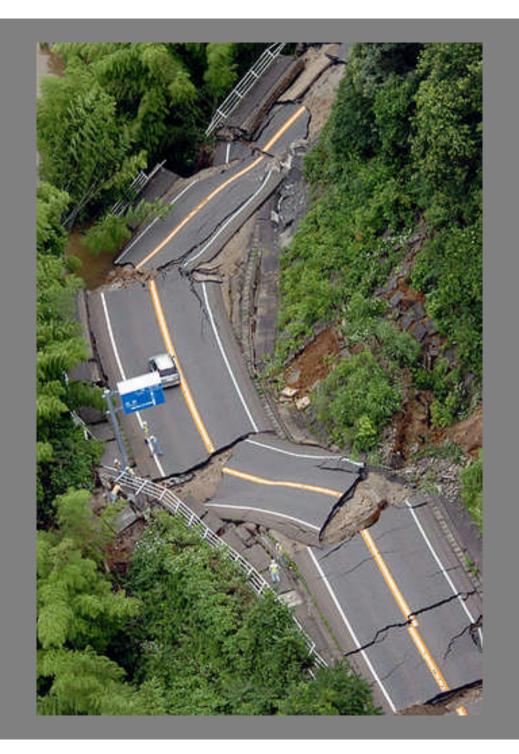
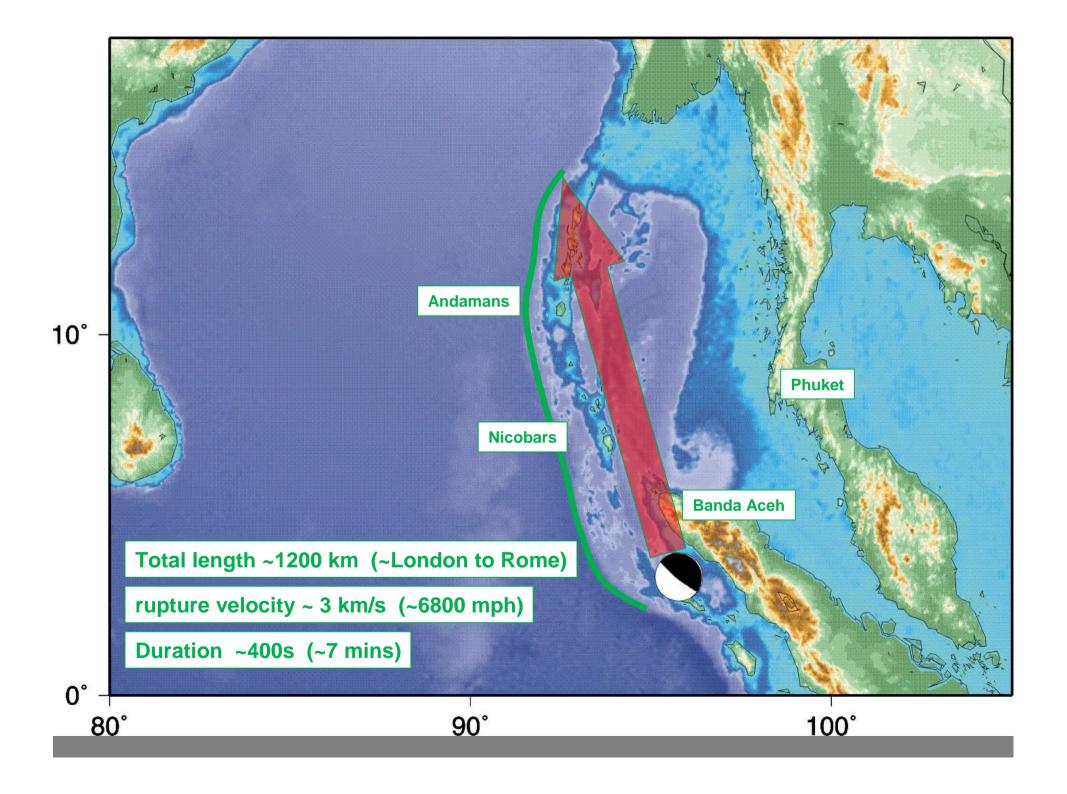


Plate boundaries

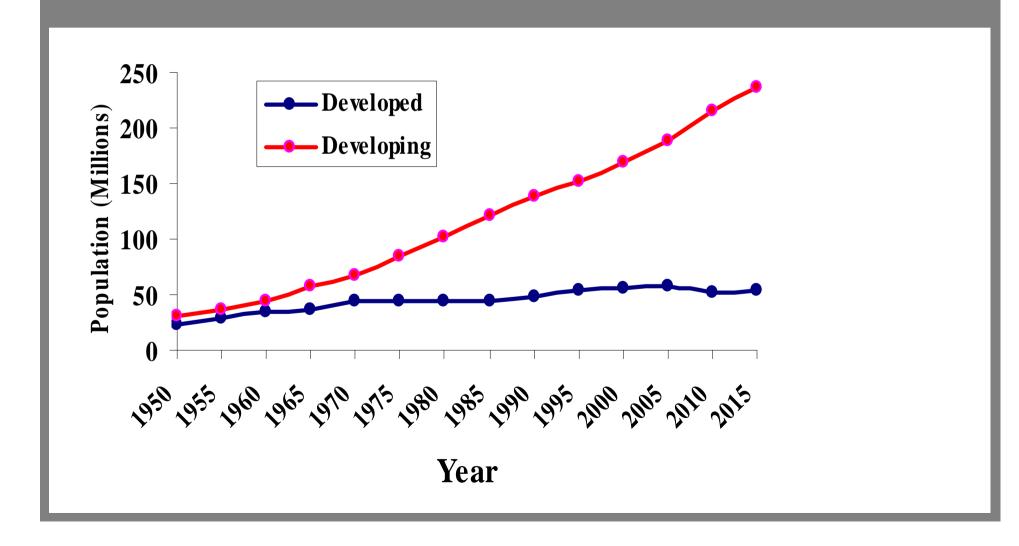




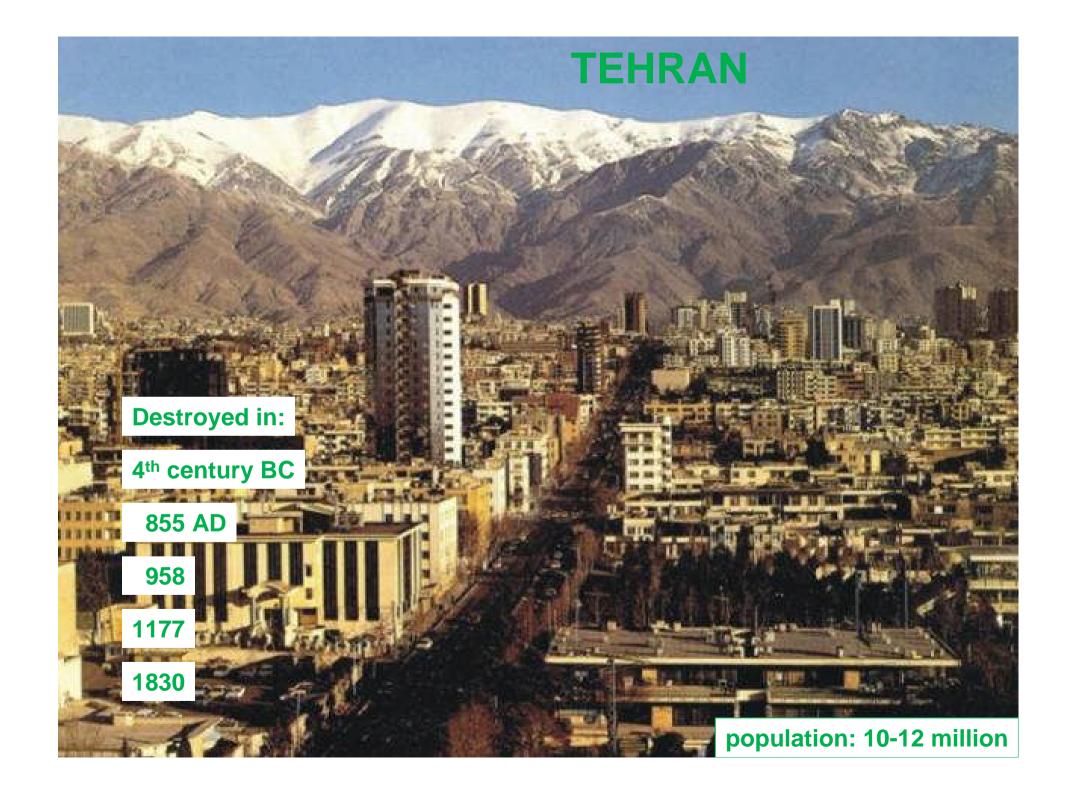




Population of 20 Largest At-Risk Cities









1989 Loma Prieta, CaliforniaM 7.164 dead1994 Northridge, CaliforniaM 6.850 dead2003 Bam, IranM 6.840,000 dead





USC Hospital, California

not one test-tube lost...

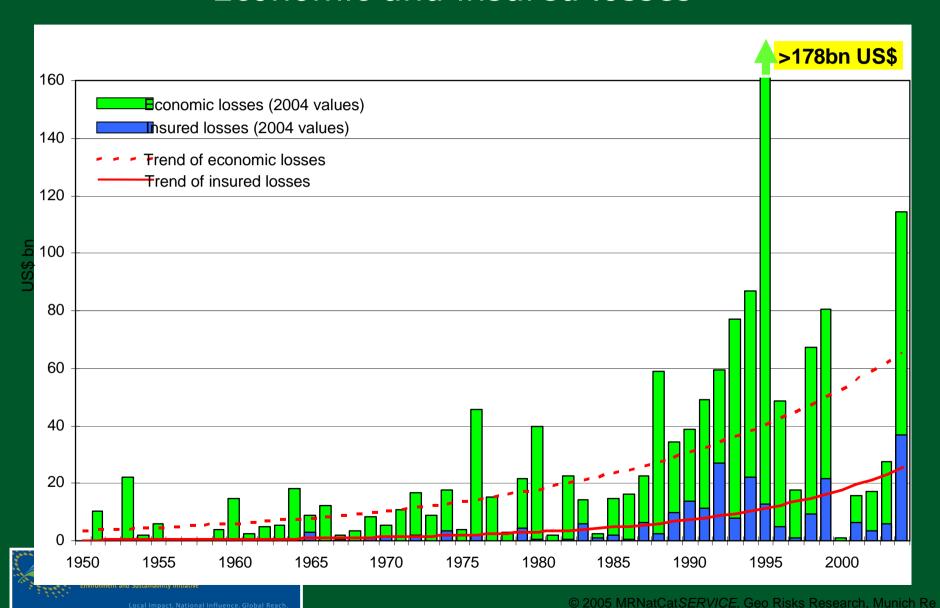
Bam, Iran

The 12 most costly insurance losses 1970 - 2006

INSURED LOSS (in USD m, indexed to 2006)	VICTIMS	DATE	EVENT	COUNTRY
66,000	1836	2005	Hurricane Katrina	US
23,000	43	1992	Hurricane Andrew	US, Bahamas
21,000	3000	2001	Terror attack on 9/11	US
19,000	61	1994	Northridge earthquake (M 6.6)	US
14,000	124	2004	Hurricane Ivan	US, Caribbean
13,000	35	2005	Hurricane Wilma	US, Mexico, Jamaica, Haiti et al.
10,000	34	2005	Hurricane Rita	US, Gulf of Mexico, Cuba
9,000	24	2004	Hurricane Charley	US, Cuba, Jamaica et al.
8,000	51	1991	Typhoon Mireille	Japan
7,000	71	1989	Hurricane Hugo	US, Puerto Rico et al.
7,000	95	1990	Winter storm Daria	France, UK, Belgium, NL et al.
7,000	110	1999	Winter storm Lothar	Switzerland, UK, France et al.



Great Natural Disasters 1950 – 2004 Economic and insured losses



12 Worst catastrophes for victims 1970 -- 2006

VICTIMS	DATE	EVENT	COUNTRY
300,000	1970	Storm and flood	Bangladesh
260,000	1976	Earthquake (M 7.5)	China
220,000	2004	Earthquake (M 9), tsunami in Indian Ocean	Indonesia, Thailand et al.
140,000	1991	Tropical cyclone Gorky	Bangladesh
73,000	2005	Earthquake (M 7.6); aftershocks, landslides	Pakistan, India et al.
66,000	1970	Earthquake (M 7.7); rock slides	Peru
40,000	1990	Earthquake (M 7.7); landslides	Iran
35,000	2003	Heat wave and drought in Europe	France, Italy, Germany et al.
26,000	2003	Earthquake (M 6.5) destroys 85% of Bam	Iran
25,000	1988	Earthquake (M 6.9)	Armenia, ex-USSR
25,000	1978	Earthquake (M 7.7) in Tabas	Iran
23,000	1985	Volcanic eruption on Nevado del Ruiz	Colombia

What does it mean for San Diego? Vanishing ice worries West

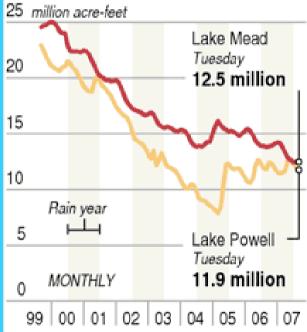
Accelerating Arctic melting could change weather patterns in region, bring less rain UNION-TRIBUNE, September 27, 2007



Sinking water levels

Water levels in Lake Mead and Lake Powell, two of the major reservoirs along the Colorado River, have dropped sharply since 1999 during the Western drought.

RESERVOIR LEVELS



An acre-foot equals one acre of water one foot deep. A family of four uses roughly one acre-foot of water annually.

SOURCE: Metropolitan Water District

MATT PERRY / Union-Tribune

Lake Mead Could Be Dry by 2021

There is a 50 percent chance Lake Mead, a key source of water for millions of people in the southwestern United States, will be dry by 2021 if climate changes as expected and future water usage is not curtailed.

Without Lake Mead and neighboring Lake Powell, the Colorado River system has no buffer to sustain the population of the Southwest through an unusually dry year, or worse, a sustained drought. In such an event, water deliveries would become highly unstable and variable...





UCSD as a Living Laboratory

- Community of 40,000 people
- All aspects of urban life housing, offices, retail, production, laboratories, medical, dining, medical, sports, transportation, open spaces
- Experiments and research are a way of life
- Exposes students to sustainability



Why GREEN Buildings

Buildings are responsible for

65% of US Electricity use



> 30% of US Greenhouse Gas emissions.





Research: MAE on low-energy buildings

UCSD Projects - Photovoltaics

1MW installed in 2008

 2.4 MW planned for 2009



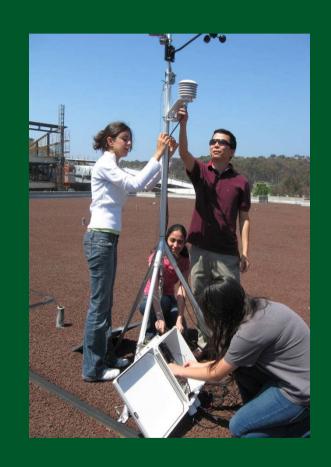
Research: ECE and MAE on

- PV efficiency
- New materials
- Nanoscale devices



UCSD Projects - Smart Grid

- Integrate
 cyberinfrastructure
 monitoring
 generation
 building systems
- DEMROES monitor microclimate to adjust HVAC and irrigation in real time





Research: MAE, SDSC and CALIT2

UCSD Projects - Greenlight

Investigate new ways of measuring energy use of computing



 \$2M grant for 1M sq ft retrofit of facilties by 2010





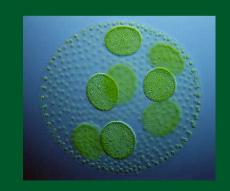
UCSD Projects - Biofuels

 Cellulose based ethanol

Micro-algae
 Salt water, not a food

Research at SIO, Biology, MAE







UCSD Projects - Fuel Cell

- 2.8 MW fuel cell to be installed in 2009
 - Uses wastemethane fromwater treatmentplant
 - Produces hydrogen and electricity



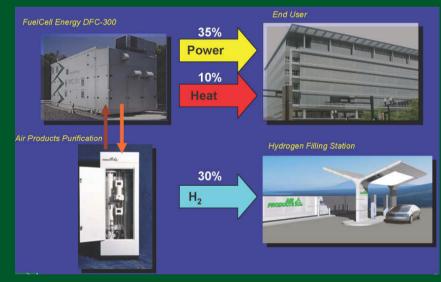
Research: MAE



UCSD Projects – Alternative Fuel Station

 CNG and hydrogen fuel for campus fleet

 Capture waste heat from fuel cell for hythane production

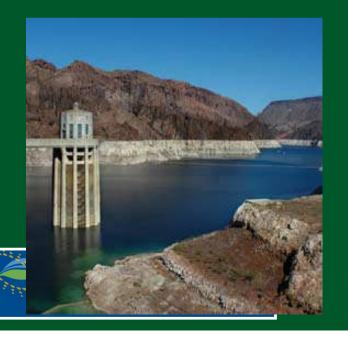




UCSD Projects - Water reuse

- Reclaimed water for irrigation
- Moisture monitoring



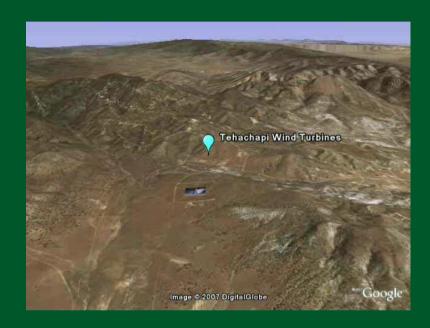


- Low flow fixtures
- Condenser water capture

UCSD Projects – Wind energy

Off-peak wind energy

Coordinated with cogeneration plant

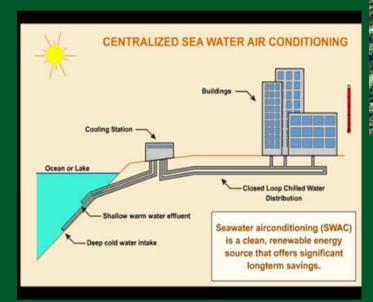


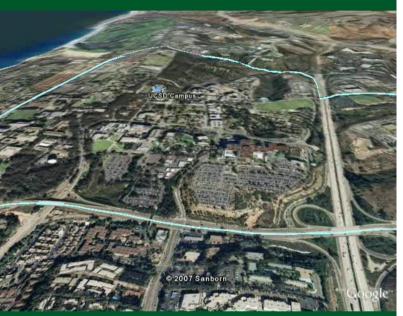
Research: MAE, SE



UCSD Projects – Sea water cooling

- Save annually
 - \$4M in energy
 - -400M liters water





Research: SIO

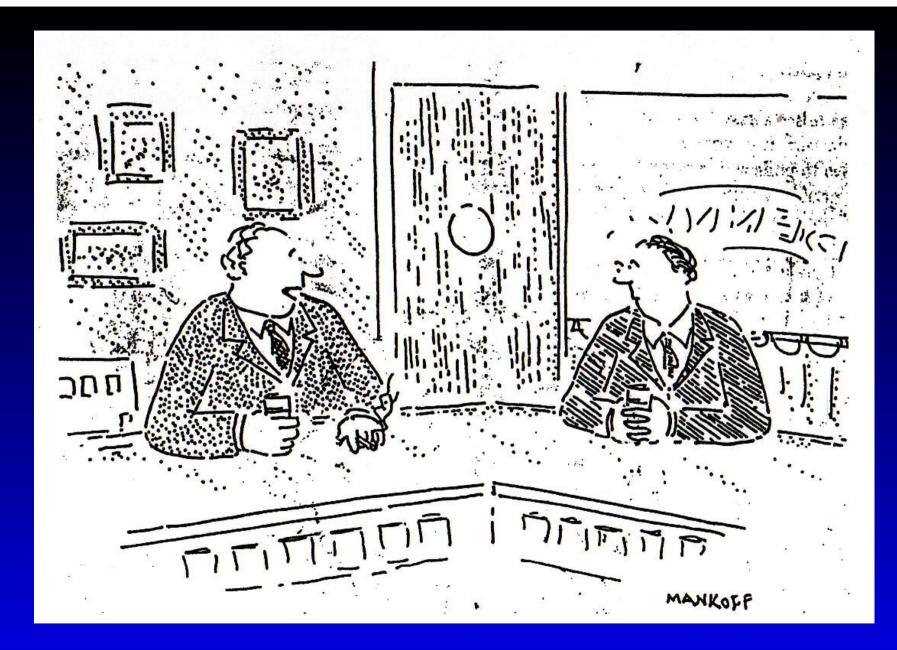


Other activities

- Chicago Climate exchange (joined 2007)
- Advance Energy
 Storage Initiative
- DC Grid and High Temperature Superconductor







"See, the problem with doing things to prolong your life is that all the extra years come at the end, when you're old."